Town of Poncha Springs, Colorado Financial Statements and Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants December 31, 2012

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Town Council
Town of Poncha Springs, Colorado

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Poncha Springs, Colorado as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Poncha Springs, Colorado, as of December 31, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3–10 and 36–38 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Poncha Springs, Colorado basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, schedules, proprietary fund budget to actual, and local highway financial report are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, schedules, proprietary fund budget to actual, and local highway financial report are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Blair and Associates, P.C.

Cedaredge, Colorado April 24, 2013

TOWN OF PONCHA SPRINGS

Management's Discussion and Analysis Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2012

As management of the Town of Poncha Springs (the "Town"), we offer readers of the Town's basic financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information provided in the financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Town's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$ 3,391,656 (i.e. net position) as of December 31, 2012, an increase of \$ 64,799 in comparison to the prior year.
- Governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$ 623,009, a decrease of \$ 52,291 in comparison with the prior year.
- The Town's fund balance for the General Fund was \$ 553,636, an increase of \$95,678 in comparison to the prior year.
- Total long-term liabilities decreased by \$ 12,000 during the 2012 fiscal year with no new debt issued.
- General property, sales and franchise taxes totaled \$ 417,744, or 92% of general revenues.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The basic statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The **statement of net position** presents information on all the Town's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two being reported as net position. Over time, the increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The **statement of activities** presents information showing how the Town's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses reported in this statement for some items will result in cash flows in future periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused personal time).

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*Governmental Activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*Business-type Activities*). The Governmental Activities of the Town include general government administration, public works, and culture and recreation. The Business-type Activities of the Town include the following utilities: water and sewer.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Fund accounting is used to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The Town's funds can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on short-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's short-term financing requirements. The accounting method is called modified accrual accounting.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental activities in the *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The Town maintains two major government funds, the General Fund and Capital Projects Fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General fund and Capital Projects Fund.

Proprietary Funds – The Town maintains one type of proprietary fund. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The Town uses a separate enterprise fund to account for each of its utility funds: Water and Sewer Fund.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net Position

As noted previously, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the Town's financial position. For the year ended December 31, 2012, the Town's combined assets exceeded liabilities by \$ 3,391,656. Of this amount, \$ 707,092 is unrestricted and available to meet the Town's ongoing financial obligations.

By far the largest portion of net position is invested in capital assets (net of related debt) of \$ 2,670,264 (78% of net position). This amount reflects the investment in all capital assets (e.g. infrastructure, land, buildings, and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. These capital assets are used to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the net investment in capital assets is reported net of debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The following table summarizes the Town's governmental and business-type net position for 2012:

	Governme	ntal Activities	Business-Type Activities						
Assets	2012	2011	2012	2011					
Current and other assets	\$ 712,539	\$ 769,492	\$ 291,412	\$ 414,906					
Capital assets	1,214,167	1,059,927	1,647,294	1,392,609					
Total assets	\$ 1,926,706	\$ 1,829,419	\$ 1,938,706	\$ 1,807,515					
Current liabilities Non-current liabilities Loans and compensated	\$ 89,531	\$ 94,192	\$ 193,028	\$ 11,492					
absenses	16,197	17,393	175,000	187,000					
Total liabilities	105,728	111,585	368,028	198,492					
Net postion									
Net investment in									
capital assets	1,197,970	1,042,534	1,472,294	1,205,609					
Restricted	14,300	14,300	11=	-					
Unrestricted	608,708	661,000	98,384	403,414					
Total net position	\$ 1,820,978	\$ 1,717,834	\$ 1,570,678	\$ 1,609,023					

An additional portion of net position, \$ 14,300, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, \$ 707,092 (21% of net position), may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

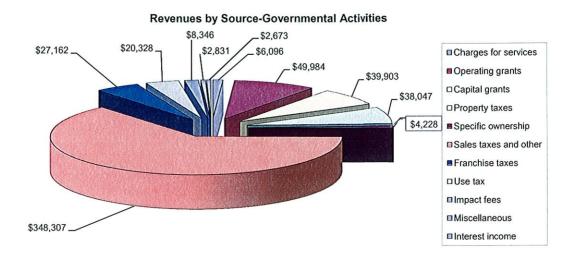
Change in Net Assets

Governmental and business-type activities increased the Town's net position by \$ 64,799 in 2012.

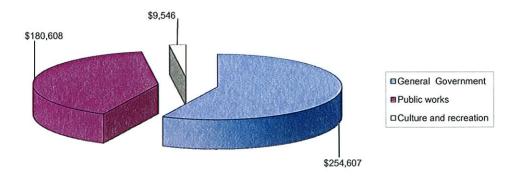
	Governmer	ctivities	Business-Type Activities				
Revenues	2012		2011		2012		2011
Program revenues							
Charges for services	\$ 6,096	\$	4,834	\$	158,061	\$	157,308
Operating grants	49,984		147,147		-		-
Capital grants	39,903		-		32,150		12,100
General Revenues							
Property taxes	38,047		42,696		-		-
Specific ownership	4,228		3,664		-		-
Sales taxes and other	348,307		364,991		_		-
Franchise taxes	27,162		31,009		-		-
Use tax	20,328		6,771		-		-
Miscellaneous	2,831		6,254		1,385		1,259
Interest income	2,673		3,750		=		-
Impact fees	8,346		2,728				:-
Totals	 547,905		613,844		191,596		170,667
Expenses							
General government	254,607		279,432				2-
Public works	180,608		181,007		229,941		240,582
Culture and recreation	9,546		5,664	_			_
Total expenses	444,761		466,103		229,941		240,582
Increase in net position	103,144		147,741		(38,345)		(69,915)
Beginning	1,717,834		1,570,093		1,609,023		1,678,938
Ending	\$ 1,820,978	\$	1,717,834	\$	1,570,678	\$	1,609,023

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$ 103,144.



Expenses by Department-Governmental Activities



Business-type Activities

Business-type activities for the year resulted in a decrease in net position of \$ 38,345. Charges for services accounted for 82% of total revenues.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

Governmental funds. The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the Town's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of 2012, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$ 623,009, a decrease of \$ 52,291 in comparison with the prior year. Of the combined ending fund balances for all governmental funds 74% of this total amount, \$ 460,469, constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for appropriation at the Town's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it is already committed to meet a State constitution mandated emergency reserve of \$ 14,300.

The Town has two major governmental funds the General Fund, which is the primary operating fund for the Town, and the Capital Projects Fund used for capital acquisitions. At the end of 2012, assigned fund balance of the Capital Projects Fund was \$41,000. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. The fund balance of the Town's General Fund increased by \$95,678 during 2012.

Proprietary funds. The Town's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The Town has two enterprise funds: Water Fund and Sewer Fund. At the end of 2012, these funds represented the following net position amounts:

Fund:	Water	Sewer
Unrestricted net position	\$ 98,384	\$ -
Total net position	\$ 1,570,678	\$ -
Increase (Decrease) in net position	\$165,453	\$(203,798)

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The Town budgeted \$ 584,390 for 2012 expenditures. Actual expenditures were \$538,304. There were no amendments to the original budget for the general fund.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

The Town's net investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2012, was \$ 2,861,461, increase of \$ 408,925 from the prior year. As required for this year by GASB 34, the net investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, building improvements, and equipment.

Capital assets activity for the year ended December 31, 2012 was as follows:

	В	alance					Balance			
Governmental Activities	Janua	ary 1, 2012	Add	itions	Dispos	itions	Decen	nber 31, 2012		
Capital assets not										
being depreciated										
Land	\$	578,189	\$	_	\$		\$	578,189		
Capital assets being										
depreciated										
Buildings		227,947		_		-		227,947		
Improvements other										
than buildings		33,531		=		-		33,531		
Infrastructure		252,629		172,621		-		425,250		
Equipment		189,682		-		-		189,682		
		703,789		172,621		-		876,410		
Less accumulated										
depreciation		(40, 400)		(F 600)				(52.400)		
Buildings		(46,499)		(5,609)		=:		(52,108)		
Infrastructure		(38,352)		(8,190)		-		(46,542)		
Equipment		(137,200)		(4,582)		-		(141,782)		
		(222,051)		(18,381)				(240,432)		
Capital assets being										
Capital assets being		404 700		154 040				625.079		
depreciated, net		481,738		154,240		-		635,978		
Total governmental										
activities capital assets	\$	1,059,927	\$	154,240	\$	_	\$	1,214,167		

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The Town of Poncha Springs receives most of its revenue as "pass through" funds from other entities and taxes. For example, the Town receives a share of the Chaffee County Sales Tax and funds from the Highway User Tax Fund and Mineral Leasing and Severance payments. Most of these revenue sources are vulnerable to changes in the general economy as well as legislative changes that can redistribute funds.

The Town's portion of the County Sales Tax has seen some improvement. The Town's sales tax has remained stagnant and we anticipate this trend to continue for the next year. Revenue from the Highway User Tax Fund has increased because of fee increases made by the State. The Town will budget this number very conservatively for the next year. Grant funds for the Town's water system will be carried over to the 2013 budget with some uncertainty as to what improvements will be constructed. We will discuss this DOLA Water grant at budget sessions to see what is in the Town's best interest. The CDOT grant will once again be carried over to complete the County Road 120 Trail. This trail runs from Salida to the Poncha Springs Visitor's Center on Highway 285.

The town's transfer of the sewer system to the City of Salida has been completed. However there is still some financial obligation to Salida that has not been totally resolved. These issues will be addressed during the preparation of the 2013 budget documents.

The demise of Friend Ranch LLC has left outstanding financial obligations the Town will be forced to utilize un-appropriated surplus funds to cover short falls in expenses. We are hopeful that legal complications on the property will be resolved and the Town can negotiate a cost recovery program to help rebuild funds expended. Unforeseen legal costs could impact the current budget in a detrimental fashion.

Due to ongoing conditions of the economy and the uncertainty of some revenue sources, the main capital projects may be forced to be postponed during the current budget cycle.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the finances of the Town of Poncha Springs. For additional information or questions related to this report please contact the following:

Town Administrator
Town of Poncha Springs
PO Box 190
Poncha Springs, Colorado 81242
719-539-6882

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Town of Poncha Springs Statement of Net Position December 31, 2012

	Governmental Activities			iness -Type Activities		Total
ASSETS			- F		()	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	472,398	\$	273,490	\$	745,888
Property taxes receivable		36,300		-		36,300
Accounts receivables				17,922		17,922
Internal balances		177,585		(177,585)		-
Due from other governments		26,256		=		26,256
Capital assets, net		1,214,167		1,647,294	00	2,861,461
Total assets		1,926,706		1,761,121		3,687,827
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		1,430		5,800		7,230
Accrued interest expense		=		8,020		8,020
Deferred revenue				1,623		1,623
Prepaid deposits		51,801		-		51,801
Non current liabilities						
Due within one year		-		12,000		12,000
Due in more than one year		16,197		163,000		179,197
Total liabilities		69,428		190,443		259,871
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Deferred property tax revenue		36,300				36,300
NET POSITION						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		1,197,970		1,472,294		2,670,264
Reserve for emergencies		14,300		-		14,300
Unrestricted		608,708		98,384		707,092
Total net position	\$	1,820,978	\$	1,570,678	\$	3,391,656

Town of Poncha Springs Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2012

			Program Revenues						
			Charges for		O	perating	Capi	tal Grants	
			Ser	vice and	Gr	ants and		and	
Functions/Programs	E	xpenses		Fees	Con	tributions	Contributions		
Primary government:								30	
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$	254,607	\$	6,096	\$	-	\$		
Public Works		180,608		_		42,617		-	
Culture and Recreation		9,546		=		7,367		39,903	
Total governmental activities		444,761		6,096		49,984		39,903	
Business-type activities:									
Water		211,941		158,061		-		32,150	
Sewer		18,000		-		-		_	
Total business- type activities		229,941		158,061		-		32,150	
Total primary government	\$	674,702	\$	164,157	\$	49,984	\$	72,053	

General Revenues

Taxes:

Property taxes

Specific ownership

Sales taxes and miscellaneous

Franchise taxes

Impact fees

Use tax

Miscellaneous

Investment earnings

Total General Revenues

Changes in Net Position Net Position-January 1 Net Position-December 31

Net (Expense)	Revenue	and	Changes	in Net	Postion
		_			

	Primary Government									
Go	vernmental	Bu	siness-Type							
1	Activities		Activities		Total					
			·							
\$	(248,511)	\$	-	\$	(248,511)					
	(137,991)		-		(137,991)					
	37,724		-		37,724					
	(348,778)		-		(348,778)					
	-		(21,730)		(21,730)					
			(18,000)		(18,000)					
	-		(39,730)		(39,730)					
	(348,778)		(39,730)		(388,508)					
	38,047		-		38,047					
	4,228		-		4,228					
	348,307		-		348,307					
	27,162		-		27,162					
	8,346		-		8,346					
	20,328		1 205		20,328					
	2,831		1,385		4,216 2,673					
	2,673 451,922		1,385	-	453,307					
	101,722		1,000		,					
	103,144		(38,345)		64,799					
	1,717,834		1,609,023		3,326,857					
\$	1,820,978	\$	1,570,678	\$	3,391,656					

Town of Poncha Springs Governmental Funds Balance Sheet December 31, 2012

	General Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets	Φ.	400.005	Φ.	41.000	Φ	20.272	Φ	472 200
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	403,025	\$	41,000	\$	28,373	\$	472,398
Taxes receivable		36,300		-		-		36,300
Due from other funds		177,586		11-		-		177,586
Due from other governments		26,256			_			26,256
Total assets	_\$	643,167	\$	41,000	\$	28,373		712,540
Liabilities and Fund Balance Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	1,430	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,430
Prepaid deposits		51,801		_		-		51,801
Total liabilities		53,231				-		53,231
Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred property tax revenue		36,300		<u>-</u> _		<u>-</u> _		36,300
Fund balances:								
Restricted								
Reserve for emergencies		14,300		-		-		14,300
Parks and recreation		-		-		28,373		28,373
Committed		-		41,000		-		41,000
Assigned		78,867		-		-		78,867
Unassigned		460,469		-		-		460,469
Total fund balance		553,636		41,000		28,373		623,009
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	643,167	\$	41,000	\$	28,373	\$	712,540

Town of Poncha Springs Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2012

Total fund balance, governmental funds		\$ 623,009
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current period expenditures and therefore are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.		
Cost of capital assets Less accumulated depreciation	\$ 1,454,603 (240,437)	1,214,166
Some liabilities, (such as Notes Payable, Capital Lease Contract Payable, Long-term Compensated Absences, and Bonds Payable), are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position.		
Compensated absences		(16,197)
Net Position of Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position		\$ 1,820,978

Town of Poncha Springs Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended December 31, 2012

	General Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Other Governmental Funds		Gov	Total ernmental Funds
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	438,072	\$	-	\$	-	\$	438,072
Intergovernmental		43,769		# 3		-		43,769
Licenses and permits		5,096		-		-		5,096
Grants		-		39,903		-		39,903
Charges for services		140		_		7,367		7,507
Miscellaneous		13,358		-		201		13,559
Total revenues		500,435		39,903		7,568		547,906
Expenditures Current:		252 (11				116		252 727
General government		253,611		-		116		253,727 167,963
Public works		167,963		-		- N		2,078
Culture and recreation		2,078		- (1 1 4 0		628		176,429
Capital outlay		114,652		61,149	-	744		600,197
Total expenditures		538,304		61,149				000,197
Excess of revenues over expenditures		(37,869)		(21,246)		6,824		(52,291)
Other Financing (Uses) Transfers In (Out) Total other financing (uses)		<u>-</u>		<u>:</u>				<u> </u>
Excess of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses		(37,869)		(21,246)		6,824		(52,291)
Fund balance, January 1		457,958		126,405		90,937		675,300
Residual transfer		133,547		(64, 159)		(69,388)		-
Fund balance, December 31	\$	553,636	\$	41,000	\$	28,373	\$	623,009

Town of Poncha Springs Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2012

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ (52,291)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as deprecation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.

Fixed assets current additions	
Depreciation expense	
Excess of capital outlay over depreciation	

154,240

\$

172,621 (18,381)

Reduction of compensated absences is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

1,195

Change in net position of governmental funds

\$ 103,144

Town of Poncha Springs Statement of Net Position Enterprise Funds Year Ended December 31, 2012

Assets Fund Sewer Fund Total Enterprise Funds Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents \$ 273,490 \$ 274,625 \$ 274,625 \$ 274,625 \$ 274,625 \$ 274,625 \$ 274,625 \$ 274,625 \$ 274,625 \$ 274,625 \$ 274,625 \$		Enterprise Funds						
Assets Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents \$ 273,490 \$ 273,490 Accounts receivable, net 17,922 - 17,922 Total current assets 291,412 - 291,412 Capital assets: Land and improvements 517,988 - 517,988 Buildings 5,837 - 5,837 Wells 324,652 - 324,652 Utility system 1,407,966 - 1,407,966 Equipment 304,207 - 304,207 Less accumulated depreciation (913,356) - (913,356) Total capital assets 1,647,294 - 1,647,294 Total assets 1,580 - \$ 1,580 Ecurrent liabilities: - \$ 177,585 Accounts payable \$ 5,800 \$ - \$ 5,800 Due to other funds 177,585 - 7,585 Accrued interest expense 8,020 - 8,020 Deferred revenues 1,623 - 1,623 Current portion of long-term debt 12,000 - 12,000 Total current liabilities			The state of the s					
Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents \$ 273,490 \$ \$ 273,490 Accounts receivable, net 17,922 - 17,922 Total current assets 291,412 - 291,412 Capital assets: Land and improvements 517,988 - 517,988 Buildings 5,837 - 5,837 Wells 324,652 - 324,652 Utility system 1,407,966 - 1,407,966 Equipment 304,207 - 304,207 Less accumulated depreciation (913,356) - (913,356) Total capital assets 1,647,294 - 1,647,294 Total assets 1,647,294 - 1,647,294 Accounts payable \$ 5,800 \$ 5,800 Due to other funds 177,585 - 177,585 Accrued interest expense 8,020 - 8,020 Deferred revenues 1,623 - 1,623 Current portion of long-term debt 12,000 - 12,000 Total current liabilities 205,028 - 205,028 Long-term liabilities 163,000 - 163,000 <			Fund	Fu	nd	Ente	rprise Funds	
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 273,490 \$ - \$ 17,922 Accounts receivable, net 17,922 - 273,490 Total current assets 291,412 - 291,412 Capital assets: Secondary of the control of th								
Accounts receivable, net 17,922 - 17,922 Total current assets 291,412 - 291,412 Capital assets: Land and improvements 517,988 - 517,988 Buildings 5,837 - 5,837 Wells 324,652 - 324,652 Utility system 1,407,966 - 1,407,966 Equipment 304,207 - 304,207 Less accumulated depreciation (913,356) - (913,356) Total capital assets 1,647,294 - 1,647,294 Total assets 1,938,706 - 1,580 Current liabilities - 5,800 - 5,800 Due to other funds 177,585 - 177,585 Accrued interest expense 8,020 - 8,020 Deferred revenues 1,623 - 1,623 Current portion of long-term debt 12,000 - 12,000 Total current liabilities 163,000 - <						40		
Total current assets 291,412 - 291,412 Capital assets: Secondary of the provision o		\$		\$	-	\$		
Capital assets: Land and improvements 517,988 - 517,988 Buildings 5,837 - 5,837 Wells 324,652 - 324,652 Utility system 1,407,966 - 1,407,966 Equipment 304,207 - 304,207 Less accumulated depreciation (913,356) - (913,356) Total capital assets 1,647,294 - 1,647,294 Total assets 1,938,706 - \$ 1,938,706 Eurrent liabilities - \$ 1,938,706 - \$ 1,938,706 Current liabilities - \$ 1,938,706 - \$ 5,800 Due to other funds 177,585 - \$ 177,585 - \$ 177,585 Accrued interest expense 8,020 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>9.</td> <td></td>						9.		
Land and improvements 517,988 - 517,988 Buildings 5,837 - 5,837 Wells 324,652 - 324,652 Utility system 1,407,966 - 1,407,966 Equipment 304,207 - 304,207 Less accumulated depreciation (913,356) - (913,356) Total capital assets 1,647,294 - 1,647,294 Total assets \$ 1,938,706 * \$ 1,938,706 Liabilities * \$ 1,938,706 * \$ 1,938,706 Liabilities * \$ 1,938,706 * \$ 1,938,706 Liabilities * * \$ 1,938,706 * * \$ 1,938,706 Liabilities * * * * \$ 1,938,706 * * \$ 1,800 Due to other funds 177,585 * * \$ 5,800 * * \$ 8,020 Deferred revenues 1,623 - 1,623 * 1,623 *	Total current assets		291,412			-	291,412	
Buildings 5,837 - 5,837 Wells 324,652 - 324,652 Utility system 1,407,966 - 1,407,966 Equipment 304,207 - 304,207 Less accumulated depreciation (913,356) - (913,356) Total capital assets 1,647,294 - 1,647,294 Total assets \$ 1,938,706 \$ - \$ 1,938,706 Liabilities Current liabilities: * * \$ 1,938,706 Accounts payable \$ 5,800 \$ - \$ 5,800 Due to other funds 177,585 - 177,585 Accrued interest expense 8,020 - 8,020 Deferred revenues 1,623 - 1,623 Current portion of long-term debt 12,000 - 12,000 Total current liabilities 205,028 - 205,028 Long-term liabilities 163,000 - 163,000 Net Position 1,472,294 - 1,472,294	Capital assets:							
Wells 324,652 - 324,652 Utility system 1,407,966 - 1,407,966 Equipment 304,207 - 304,207 Less accumulated depreciation (913,356) - (913,356) Total capital assets 1,647,294 - 1,647,294 Total assets \$ 1,938,706 \$ - \$ 1,938,706 Liabilities Current liabilities: Accounts payable \$ 5,800 \$ - \$ 5,800 Due to other funds 177,585 - 177,585 Accrued interest expense 8,020 - 8,020 Deferred revenues 1,623 - 1,623 Current portion of long-term debt 12,000 - 12,000 Total current liabilities 205,028 - 205,028 Long-term liabilities 163,000 - 163,000 Net Position - 1,472,294 - 1,472,294 Unrestricted 98,384 - 98,384	Land and improvements		517,988		-		517,988	
Utility system 1,407,966 - 1,407,966 Equipment 304,207 - 304,207 Less accumulated depreciation (913,356) - (913,356) Total capital assets 1,647,294 - 1,647,294 Total assets \$ 1,938,706 \$ - \$ 1,938,706 Liabilities S - \$ 1,938,706 Current liabilities: *** *** *** \$ 5,800 Accounts payable \$ 5,800 \$ - \$ 5,800 Due to other funds 177,585 - 177,585 Accrued interest expense 8,020 - 8,020 Deferred revenues 1,623 - 1,623 Current portion of long-term debt 12,000 - 12,000 Total current liabilities 205,028 - 205,028 Long-term liabilities 163,000 - 163,000 Net Position - 1,472,294 - 1,472,294 Unrestricted 98,384 -	Buildings		5,837		-		5,837	
Equipment 304,207 - 304,207 Less accumulated depreciation (913,356) - (913,356) Total capital assets 1,647,294 - 1,647,294 Total assets \$ 1,938,706 \$ - \$ 1,938,706 Liabilities Standard Standar	Wells		324,652		-		324,652	
Less accumulated depreciation	Utility system		1,407,966		-		1,407,966	
Total capital assets	Equipment		304,207		-		304,207	
Total assets \$ 1,938,706 \$ - \$ 1,938,706 Liabilities Current liabilities: Accounts payable \$ 5,800 \$ - \$ 5,800 Due to other funds 177,585 - 177,585 Accrued interest expense 8,020 - 8,020 Deferred revenues 1,623 - 1,623 Current portion of long-term debt 12,000 - 12,000 Total current liabilities 205,028 - 205,028 Long-term liabilities 163,000 - 163,000 Net Position - 1,472,294 - 1,472,294 Unrestricted 98,384 - 98,384	Less accumulated depreciation		(913,356)		-		(913,356)	
Liabilities Current liabilities: Accounts payable \$ 5,800 \$ - \$ 5,800 Due to other funds 177,585 - 177,585 Accrued interest expense 8,020 - 8,020 Deferred revenues 1,623 - 1,623 Current portion of long-term debt 12,000 - 12,000 Total current liabilities 205,028 - 205,028 Long-term liabilities 163,000 - 163,000 Net Position 1,472,294 - 1,472,294 Unrestricted 98,384 - 98,384	Total capital assets		1,647,294		-	W	1,647,294	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable \$ 5,800 \$ - \$ 5,800 Due to other funds 177,585 - 177,585 Accrued interest expense 8,020 - 8,020 Deferred revenues 1,623 - 1,623 Current portion of long-term debt 12,000 - 12,000 Total current liabilities 205,028 - 205,028 Long-term liabilities 163,000 - 163,000 Net Position - 1,472,294 - 1,472,294 Unrestricted 98,384 - 98,384	Total assets	_\$	1,938,706	\$		\$	1,938,706	
Accounts payable \$ 5,800 \$ - \$ 5,800 Due to other funds 177,585 - 177,585 Accrued interest expense 8,020 - 8,020 Deferred revenues 1,623 - 1,623 Current portion of long-term debt 12,000 - 12,000 Total current liabilities 205,028 - 205,028 Long-term liabilities 163,000 - 163,000 Net Position - 1,472,294 - 1,472,294 Unrestricted 98,384 - 98,384	Liabilities							
Due to other funds 177,585 - 177,585 Accrued interest expense 8,020 - 8,020 Deferred revenues 1,623 - 1,623 Current portion of long-term debt 12,000 - 12,000 Total current liabilities 205,028 - 205,028 Long-term liabilities 163,000 - 163,000 Net Position - 1,472,294 - 1,472,294 Unrestricted 98,384 - 98,384	Current liabilities:							
Accrued interest expense 8,020 - 8,020 Deferred revenues 1,623 - 1,623 Current portion of long-term debt 12,000 - 12,000 Total current liabilities 205,028 - 205,028 Long-term liabilities 163,000 - 163,000 Net Position Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 1,472,294 - 1,472,294 Unrestricted 98,384 - 98,384 - 98,384	Accounts payable	\$	5,800	\$	-	\$	5,800	
Deferred revenues	Due to other funds		177,585		-		177,585	
Current portion of long-term debt 12,000 - 12,000 Total current liabilities 205,028 - 205,028 Long-term liabilities 163,000 - 163,000 Net Position Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 1,472,294 - 1,472,294 Unrestricted 98,384 - 98,384 - 98,384	Accrued interest expense		8,020		-		8,020	
Total current liabilities 205,028 - 205,028 Long-term liabilities 163,000 - 163,000 Net Position Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 1,472,294 - 1,472,294 Unrestricted 98,384 - 98,384	Deferred revenues		1,623		-		1,623	
Long-term liabilities 163,000 - 163,000 Net Position Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 1,472,294 - 1,472,294 Unrestricted 98,384 - 98,384	Current portion of long-term debt		12,000	P	-		12,000	
Net Position Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 1,472,294 - 1,472,294 Unrestricted 98,384 - 98,384	Total current liabilities		205,028				205,028	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 1,472,294 - 1,472,294 Unrestricted 98,384 - 98,384	Long-term liabilities	7	163,000				163,000	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 1,472,294 - 1,472,294 Unrestricted 98,384 - 98,384	Net Position							
Unrestricted 98,384 - 98,384			1,472,294		-		1,472,294	
					-		, ,	
Total net position <u>\$ 1,570,678</u> <u>\$ - \$ 1,570,678</u>	Total net position	\$	1,570,678	\$		\$	1,570,678	

Town of Poncha Springs Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Enterprise Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2012

	Enterprise Funds					
	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Total			
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 158,061	\$ -	\$ 158,061			
Total operating revenues	158,061		158,061_			
Operating expenses:						
Personnel services	69,755	=	69,755			
Contractual services	59,708	<u>18</u> 0	59,708			
Utilities	12,224	-	12,224			
Other supplies and expenses	7,110	-	7,110			
Bad debts	* C	15,119	15,119			
Depreciation	54,244	2,881	57,125			
Total operating expenses	203,041	18,000	221,041			
Operating income (loss)	(44,980)	(18,000)	(62,980)			
Non-operating revenues (expenses):						
Miscellaneous	1,385	-	1,385			
Interest expense	(8,900)	4	(8,900)			
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(7,515)		(7,515)			
Income (loss) before transfers						
and capital contributions	(52,495)	(18,000)	(70,495)			
Capital contributions-Tap fees	32,150		32,150			
Change in net position	(20,345)	(18,000)	(38,345)			
Total net position, January 1	1,405,225	203,798	1,609,023			
Residual transfer	185,798	(185,798)	-,,-			
Total net position, December 31	\$ 1,570,678	\$ -	\$ 1,570,678			
p-0000000, 2	10.010		7 2,0.0,070			

Town of Poncha Springs Statement of Cash Flows Enterprise Funds Year Ended December 31, 2012

	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Total Enterprise Funds
Cash flows from operating activities			Φ 160 161
Cash received from charges for services	\$ 162,461	\$ -	\$ 162,461
Cash payments for goods and services	(73,946)	-	(73,946)
Cash payments to employees for services	(69,755)		(69,755)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	18,760		18,760
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities			
Transfers	185,798	(185,798)	-
Miscellaneous	1,385	_	1,385
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities	187,183	(185,798)	1,385
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities			
Tap fees	32,150	₩:	32,150
Loan from General Fund	175,934	(2,637)	173,297
Acquisition of capital assets	(313,309)	1,500	(311,809)
Principal paid on loans and leases	(12,000)	· <u>-</u>	(12,000)
Interest expense	(8,900)	-	(8,900)
Net cash provided (used) by capital			
and related financing activities	(126,125)	(1,137)	(127,262)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and equivalents	79,818	(186,935)	(107,117)
Cash balances, January 1	193,672	186,935	380,607
Cash balances, December 31	\$ 273,490	_\$	\$ 273,490
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:			
Operating income (loss)	\$ (44,980)	\$ (18,000)	\$ (62,980)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net			
cash provided (used) by operating activities:			
Depreciation expense	54,244	2,881	57,125
Assets (increase) decrease:			
Accounts receivables	5,238	15,427	20,665
Liabilities increase (decrease):			40000
Accounts payable	5,546	(308)	5,238
Deferred revenues	(838)	-	(838)
Accrued interest expense	(450)		(450)
Total adjustments	63,740	18,000	81,740
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 18,760	\$ -	\$ 18,760

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Town of Poncha Springs, Colorado (the Town) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Town is a statutory municipality with a mayor – trustee form of government with seven elected Trustee members. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the Town of Poncha Springs (the primary government). The Town has no oversight responsibility for any other governmental entity since no other entities are considered to be controlled by or dependent on the Town. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, taxing authority, funding, and appointment of the respect governing body.

B. Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all of the activities of the Town and its component unit. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, charges for services and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on user charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to those who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

C. Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the Town are organized on the basis of funds and account groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures, or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (continued)

All governmental funds are accounted for on a flow of current financial resources basis. Balance sheets for these funds generally include only current assets and current liabilities. Reported fund balances are considered a measure of available, spendable resources. Operating statements for these funds present a summary of available, spendable resources and expenditures for the period.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

- The General Fund is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Town, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The Capital Projects Fund, which accounts for grants and other revenues to be used for capital projects.

The remaining governmental funds are aggregated and presented as non-major funds. Those funds include:

- The Conservation Trust Fund, which accounts for State of Colorado lottery funds to be used for parks and recreation services and capital investment.
- Cemetery Fund which accounts for proceeds for plots and markers sales to be used for maintenance of cemetery.
- Chaffee County Trust Fund which accounts for trust funds from Chaffee County.
- Economic Development Fund which accounts for funds to be used for economic development.

Enterprise Funds account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. Enterprise funds are considered major funds because of community interests in the activities and sources of funding supporting these operations. The Town applies all applicable Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989 in accounting and reporting for its proprietary operations except those that conflict with GASB pronouncements.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (continued)

The Town reports the following major enterprise fund business-type activities:

• Water and Sewer Funds, which account for all operations of the Town's water and sewer services. They are primarily financed by user charges.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the enterprise fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by all governmental funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due, and compensated absences which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available resources.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are interest revenue and charges for services. Entitlement revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally, they are not measurable until received. Grant revenues are recognized as they are earned.

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized by enterprise funds. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows of the enterprise funds, cash and cash equivalents consist of operating and restricted cash and highly liquid securities with an initial maturity of three months or less.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (continued)

F. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

G. Property Taxes

Property taxes for the current year are levied and attached as a lien on property the following January 1. They are payable in full by April 30 or in two equal installments due February 28 and June 15. Property taxes levied in the current year and collected in the following year are reported as a receivable at December 31. However, since the taxes are not available to pay current liabilities, the receivable is recorded as deferred revenue in the governmental and enterprise funds.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, equipment and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capitalized assets are defined by the Town as assets that have a useful life of one or more years, and for which the initial, individual value equals or exceeds \$5,000.

All purchased assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at estimated historical costs where no historical records exist. Donated assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that does not add to the value of an asset or materially extend asset life is not capitalized.

Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Depreciation	Life
Transmission lines	50-70 years
Buildings	40 years
Storage tanks	25-40 years
Wells	10-30 years
Meters and pits	30 years
Equipment	5 years
Infrastructure	15-40 years

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (continued)

Public domain assets consisting of roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems and lighting systems are examples of infrastructure assets. Infrastructure assets are distinguished from other capitalized assets as their useful life often extends beyond most other capital assets and are stationary in nature. General infrastructure assets are those associated with or arising from governmental activities. Prior to GASB 34 governments were not required to report general infrastructure assets.

I. Long-Term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, and enterprise fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable government activities, business-type activities, or enterprise fund type statement of net position.

The long-term compensated absences are serviced from revenues of the General Fund from future appropriations.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated Absences

It is the Town's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused general leave benefits. Employees are allowed to accumulate benefits up to predetermined maximums and are compensated for these accumulated benefits either through paid time off or at termination or retirement.

K. Net Position

Net position represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition or construction of improvements on those assets. Net position are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Town or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (continued)

L. Interfund Transactions

Interfund receivables and payables arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. At year end, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as operating transfers. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

M. Encumbrances

The Town does not use an encumbrance system for budgetary control.

N. Fund Equity

Beginning with fiscal year 2011, the Town implemented GASB Statement 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions". This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Non-spendable fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory)
 or are required to be maintained intact;
- Restricted fund balance-amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such
 as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional
 provisions or by enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance-amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;
- Assigned fund balance-amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent
 can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing
 body delegates the authority;
- Unassigned fund balance-amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

Note 2 - Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The governmental funds balance sheet includes reconciliation between fund balances total governmental funds and net position - governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. Additionally, the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes reconciliation between net change in fund balances - total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. The enterprise fund statement of net position and statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position also includes reconciliation to the government-wide statement of net position and activities.

These reconciliations detail items that require adjustment to convert from the current resources measurement and modified accrual basis for government fund statements to the economic resources measurement and full accrual basis used for government-wide statements. However, certain items having no effect on measurement and basis of accounting were eliminated from the governmental fund statements during the consolidation of governmental activities.

Note 3 - Tax, Spending and Debt Limitations

Colorado voters passed an amendment to the State Constitution, Article X, Section 20, which has several limitations, including revenue raising, spending abilities, and other specific requirements of state and local governments, excluding "enterprises."

The Amendment is complex and subject to judicial interpretation. The Town believes it is in compliance with the requirements of the amendment.

The Amendment requires that an emergency reserve be maintained at three percent of fiscal year spending. A portion of the General Fund's fund balance is classified as restricted for emergencies as required by the Amendment.

Note 4 - Budgets

The Town adheres to the following procedures in establishing budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- A. Each year, the Town Administrator gives public notice of the budget calendar for the next fiscal year. The Town Administrator, prepares a proposed budget for the ensuing fiscal year and submits it to the Trustees no later than forty-five days prior to any date required by state law for the certification to the County of the tax levy.
- B. The budget provides a complete financial plan of all Town funds and activities for the ensuing fiscal year indicating anticipated revenues, proposed operating and capital expenditures, a provision for contingencies, and anticipated net surplus or deficit for the ensuing fiscal year.

Note 4 – Budgets - (continued)

- C. A public hearing on the proposed budget is held by the Trustees in early November.
- D. The Trustees adopt the budget by resolution on or before the final day established by law for the certification of the ensuing year's tax levy to the County. Adoption of the budget by the Trustees shall constitute appropriations of the amounts specified therein as expenditures from the funds indicated and shall constitute a levy of the property tax therein proposed.
- E. If during the fiscal year the Town Administrator determines that there are expenses in excess of those estimated in the budget, the Trustees by resolution may make supplemental appropriations for the year up to the amount of such excess. To meet an emergency affecting public property, health, peace or safety, the Trustees may make emergency appropriations. If at any time during the fiscal year it appears probable to the Town Administrator that the revenues available will be insufficient to meet the amount appropriated, the Town Administrator reports to the Trustees, indicating the estimated amount of deficit, any remedial action already taken, and a recommendation as to any other steps to be taken. Any time during the fiscal year the Town Administrator may transfer part or all of any unencumbered appropriation balance within a department.
- F. Budget appropriations lapse at the end of each year.
- G. Expenditures may not exceed appropriations at the fund level. Budget amounts included in the financial statements are based on the final amended budget. Revisions made to the original budgeted expenditures for each fund are as follows:

	Original			Total												
	Budget		Budget		Budget		Budget		Budget		Budget		R	evisions	Fin	al Budget
General	\$	584,390	\$	-	\$	584,390										
Water		197,800		125,000		322,800										
Capital Projects		629,642		-		629,642										
Conservation Trust		25,000				25,000										
	\$	1,436,832	\$	125,000	\$	1,561,832										
Water Capital Projects	\$	197,800 629,642 25,000	\$	125,000	\$	322,800 629,642 25,000										

H. Budgets for governmental funds are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), except for long-term receivables and advances and capital lease financing which are budgeted when liquidated rather than when the receivable/liability is incurred. Budgets for enterprise funds are adopted on a basis consistent with the spending measurement focus of the governmental funds.

Note 5 - Deposits and Investments

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories; eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all the uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to the aggregate uninsured deposits. Collateral in the pool is considered to be equal to depository insurance pursuant to definitions listed in GASB Statement No. 40. At December 31, 2012, the bank balance of the Town's deposits was \$589,571 of which \$500,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$89,571 was collateralized under PDPA.

Colorado statues specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local government entities may invest. Authorized investments include obligations of the United States and certain U.S. government agency securities; certain international agency securities; general obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities; bankers' acceptances of certain banks' commercial paper; local government investment pools; written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities; certain money market funds; and, guaranteed investment contracts. The Town's investment policy follows Colorado statues. At December 31, 2012 the Town's investments included certificates of deposit and funds held in Colotrust.

The Town had invested \$ 177,790 in Colotrust an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. Colotrust operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. Investments of Colotrust consist of U.S. Treasury bills, notes and note strips and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities.

A designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services to Colotrust in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal functions of Colotrust. Substantially all securities owned by Colotrust are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the account maintained for the custodial bank. The custodian's internal records identified the investments owned by Colotrust. These pools are not required to and are not registered with the SEC. Colotrust's funds are rated AAA by Standard and Poor's, Fitch's and Moody's rating services.

Note 5 - Deposits and Investments - (continued)

The Town maintains a cash pool that is available to the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds and Enterprise Funds.

Cash and cash equivalents are summarized as follows:

Cash on hand and with treasurer	\$	50
Demand deposits		302,921
Certificates of deposits		265,128
Money market funds held by ColoTrust		177,790
•	\$_	745,889

Note 6 - Interfund Transactions

	Due to	Due from
General Fund	\$ 177,585	\$
Water Fund		174,948
Sewer Fund	<u> </u>	2,637
Total	\$ 177,585	\$177,585

Note 7 - Long-term Liabilities

Governmental Activities	Ja	nuary 1, 2012	Add	itions	Re	ductions	Dec	cember 31, 2012	e within ne year
Compensated absences	\$	17,393	\$	-	\$	(1,196)	\$	16,197	\$ _
Total	\$	17,393	\$	-	\$	(1,196)	\$	16,197	\$ -
Enterprise Activities Loans payable Total	\$	187,000 187,000	\$		\$	(12,000) (12,000)	\$	175,000 175,000	\$ 12,000 12,000

The following is a description of each individual issue:

\$ 255,000 bonds payable to U.S. Department of Agriculture; interest rate of 5%; due in annual installments ranging from \$ 19,950 to \$ 35,150 including interest through February 2023; debt is collateralized by net revenues of water and sewer fund and the debt is serviced by the water and sewer fund.

\$ 175,000

Note 7 - Long-term Liabilities - (continued)

Presented below is a summary of the debt service requirements to maturity, including interest of \$56,550.

<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2013	12,000	8,750
2014	13,000	8,150
2015	14,000	7,500
2016	14,000	6,800
2017	15,000	6,100
2018-2022	88,000	18,300
2023-2027	<u>19,000</u>	<u>950</u>
Total	<u>\$ 175,000</u>	<u>\$ 56,550</u>

Note 8 - Retirement Plans

Defined Contribution Plan

The Town has a defined contribution plan for its employees which is administered by Nexus Financial Programs, Inc. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan, plus investment earnings. All permanent employees are eligible to participate in the plan from the date of employment. The Town make a basic contribution of 5% of the employee's salary and will match an additional 3% if the employee chooses to contribute. Employees may make additional voluntary contributions. Participants vest in employer contributions and in earnings, losses and changes in fair market value of Plan assets at a rate of 20% per year. Any nonvested Town contributions forfeited by an employee who leaves the Town's employment are remitted to the Town.

The Town's total payroll in 2012 was \$ 290,814. The total payroll covered by the plan was \$ 273,563. A contribution of \$ 26,433 was made to the plan in 2012. This contribution consisted of the Town's contribution of \$ 19,135 and the employee's contributions of \$ 7,298.

Note 9 - Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

The Town is a member of the Colorado Intergovernmental Risk Sharing Agency (CIRSA), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for property/casualty and workers' compensation coverage. CIRSA is to be self-sustaining through member premiums and reinsures through commercial companies for claims in excess of certain limits for each insured event. CIRSA members are subject to a supplemental assessment in the event of a deficiency.

Note 10 - Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended December 31, 2012 was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance Januar ies1, 2012		 additions	Dispositions		Balance December 31, 2012	
Capital assets not being depreciated Land	\$	578,189	\$,-	\$	-	\$	578,189
Capital assets being							
depreciated							
Buildings		227,947	-		-		227,947
Improvements other							
than buildings		33,531	(-		-		33,531
Infrastructure		252,629	172,621		7. -		425,250
Equipment		189,682	 _		-		189,682
	<u> </u>	703,789	 172,621				876,410
Less accumulated							
depreciation							
Buildings		(46,499)	(5,609)		_		(52,108)
Infrastructure		(38,352)	(8,190)		_		(46,542)
Equipment		(137,200)	(4,582)		_		(141,782)
_4s.ps		(222,051)	 (18,381)		_		(240,432)
	**************************************				-	-	
Capital assets being							
depreciated, net	<u> </u>	481,738	154,240				635,978
Total governmental							
activities capital assets	\$	1,059,927	\$ 154,240	\$		\$	1,214,167

Note 10 - Capital Assets-continued

	Balance				Balance Decemb		
Business-Type Activities	Janua	ary 1, 2012	Additions		Dispositions	31, 2012	
Capital assets not							
being depreciated							
Land	\$	244,930	\$	273,058	\$ -	\$	517,988
Capital assets being							
depreciated							
Buildings		5,837		-			5,837
Transmission system		1,184,721		14,200	-		1,198,921
Storage tanks		209,045		-	-		209,045
Wells		324,652		-	-		324,652
Equipment		304,207		=	-		304,207
Less accumulated							
depreciation		(856,231)		(57,125)	_	_	(913,356)
Capital assets being	.						
depreciated, net		1,172,231		(42,925)			1,129,306
Total business-type					·		
activities capital assets	\$	1,417,161	\$	230,133	\$ -	\$	1,647,294

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the governmental activities as follows:

General government	\$ 2,076
Public works	12,645
Culture and recreation	<u>3,660</u>
Total	\$ 18,381

Note 11 - Reconciliation of Budget Basis to GAAP Basis for Enterprise Funds

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (<u>Unfavorable</u>)
Expenditures			
GAAP-based expenses	\$	\$ 214,822	\$
Add (deduct):			
Depreciation		(57,125)	
Acquisition and construction			
of capital assets		138,512	
Accrued interest		450	
Bond principal retirement		12,000	
Total budgetary-based	d		
Expenditures	<u>\$ 322,800</u>	<u>\$ 308,659</u>	<u>\$ 14,141</u>

Town of Poncha Springs Notes to Basic Financial Statements December 31, 2012

Note 12 - New GASB Standards

GASB 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, implemented this year provides financial reporting guidance for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. The Statement of Net Assets is renamed the Statement of Net Position and includes four components: assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The Town has determined that property taxes revenue that are related to a future period have been recorded as deferred inflows.

GASB 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, will be effective for the Town beginning with its year ending December 31, 2012. This statement requires certain items that are currently reported as assets and liabilities to be reclassified as deferred outflows resources, deferred inflows of resources, or current-period outflows and inflows.

Note 13 - Residual Transfers

The following residual transfers were made in 2012:

	-	In	Out
General Fund	\$	133,547	\$ -
Water Fund		185,798	_
Sewer Fund		_	185,798
Capital Projects Fund		-	64,159
Cemetery Fund		-	6,827
Chaffee County Fund		-	2,975
Economic Development Fund		-	10,055
Impact Fees Fund		_	 49,531
Total	\$	319,345	\$ 319,345

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Town of Poncha Springs General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Actual and Budget

Year Ended December 31, 2012

		Original Budget		al Budget Budget		Actual	Fa	riance vorable avorable)
Taxes	Φ.	270 000	Ф	270 000	•	244.520	ø.	(6.520
Sales Property	\$	278,000 36,300	\$	278,000 36,300	\$	344,530 38,047	\$	66,530 1,747
Specific Ownership		3,900		3,900		4,228		328
		10 8 20 10 10						1,162
Franchise		26,000		26,000		27,162		1.5
Use tax		5,000		5,000		20,328		15,328
Cigarette/other		2,450	0.	2,450		3,777		1,327
Total Taxes		351,650	7-	351,650		438,072		86,422
Intergovernmental								
Highway users tax		43,800		43,800		42,617		(1,183)
Other		1,400		1,400		1,152		(248)
Total intergovernmental		45,200		45,200		43,769		(1,431)
Licenses and permits		5,100	1,	5,100		5,096		(4)
Charges for services		150	7*	150		140		(10)
Other								
Interest		3,050		3,050		2,472		(578)
Development fees		1,000		1,000		325		(675)
Sale of Assets		70,000		70,000		596		(69,404)
Impact fees		4,092		4,092		8,346		4,254
Cemetery plot sales		-		-		1,000		1,000
Miscellaneous		300		300		619		319
Total other		78,442		78,442		13,358		(65,084)
Total revenues	\$	480,542	\$	480,542	\$	500,435	\$	19,893

Town of Poncha Springs General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Actual and Budget

Year Ended December 31, 2012

General Government	(original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Fa	riance vorable avorable)
Salaries	\$	136,600	\$	136,600	\$	134,951	\$	1,649
Trustee's		21,000		21,000		21,000		-
Employee benefits		41,500		41,500		38,277		3,223
Supplies		14,550		14,550		9,732		4,818
Purchased services		44,500		44,500		36,292		8,208
Fixed charges		10,650		10,650		10,728		(78)
Grant related expenses		1,200		1,200		700		500
Miscellaneous		3,000		3,000		1,931		1,069
Building Materials		1,500		1,500		-2		1,500
Intergovernmental Services		5,000		5,000		-		5,000
Total general government		279,500		279,500		253,611		25,889
Public Works								
Salaries		99,600		99,600		99,543		57
Employee benefits		25,840		25,840		27,307		(1,467)
Supplies		18,500		18,500		18,094		406
Purchased services		28,850		28,850		23,019		5,831
Miscellaneous		100		100		-		100
Total public works		172,890		172,890		167,963		4,927
Visitors' Center								
Supplies		500		500		644		(144)
Purchased services		2,500		2,500		1,434		1,066
Total visitors' center		3,000		3,000		2,078		922
Debt Service								
Capital Outlay		129,000		129,000	8	114,652		14,348
Operating transfers (out)					88			-
Total expenditures		584,390		584,390		538,304		46,086
Excess revenues over	500		120		820			
expenditures	\$	(103,848)	\$	(103,848)	\$	(37,869)	\$	65,979

Town of Poncha Springs Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget Year Ended December 31, 2012

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues				
Property sales	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Grants	588,681	588,681	39,903	
Total revenues	588,681	588,681	39,903	
Expenditures Current: Capital outlay	629,642	629,642	61,149	568,493
Colonia Colonia Control Colonia Coloni	629,642	629,642	61,149	568,493
Total expenditures	029,042	029,042	01,149	300,493
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(40,961)	(40,961)	(21,246)	568,493
Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfer in				
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses	(40,961)	(40,961)	(21,246)	19,715

Town of Poncha Springs Combining Balance Sheet Other Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2012

	Conservation Trust Fund	Cemetery Fund	Chaffee County Fund
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	. \$ -	\$ -
Investments	28,373		-
Total assets	\$ 28,373	\$ -	\$ -
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities:	٨	¢.	¢.
Accounts payable Total liabilities		·	
Fund balances (deficits): Unreserved: Total fund balances (deficits)	28,373 28,373		-
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 28,373	<u> </u>	\$ -

Econor Develop Fund	ment		Impact Fees Fund		Gove	Total Other ernmental Funds
\$	-	\$		-	\$	7,367
	-			-		-
						7,568
						7,308
	-			-		-
	_			-		-
	-			-		116
						628
						744
						6,824
						-
	<u>, m</u>			_		6,824
	10,055		49,5	531		90,937
	10,055)		(49,5			(69,388)
	-	\$	(.) , .	-	\$	28,373

Econon Developr Fund	nent		Impact Fees Fund		Gove	Total Other ernmental Funds
	-	\$		-	\$	_
	-			-		28,373
	_	\$		-	\$	28,373
		\$		<u>-</u>	\$	-
	<u> </u>			<u>-</u>		28,373 28,373
		Φ.			Φ.	28,373

Town of Poncha Springs Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Other Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2012

		servation ist Fund	Cemet Fun	-	C	haffee ounty Fund
REVENUES	c	7.267	¢.		¢.	
Intergovernmental Miscellaneous	\$	7,367	\$	-	\$	-
Interest earnings		201		-		-
Total revenues	-	7,568		— <u> </u>		<u>-</u>
Total revenues		7,308				
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Public safety		-		_		_
Culture and recreation		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		116		-		-
Capital outlay		628		-		-
Total expenditures		744		-		-
Excess of revenues						
over expenditures		6,824	Pi			
0.4 - 51 - 41 - 31						
Other Financing (Uses)						
Transfers In (Out)	-					
Total other financing (uses)			1			<u>-</u>
Excess of revenues and other						
sources over (under) expenditures and other uses		6,824		-		-
		01.540		6.007		2.075
Fund balance (deficit), January 1		21,549		6,827		2,975
Residual transfer	•	20.272		(6,827)	Ф.	(2,975)
Fund balance (deficit), December 31	\$	28,373	\$		\$	

Town of Poncha Springs Conservation Trust Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget Year Ended December 31, 2012

P	Priginal Budget	Fin	al Budget_		Actual	vorable avorable)
Revenues Lottery Interest Total revenues	\$ 6,400 100 6,500	\$	6,400 100 6,500	\$	7,367 201 7,568	\$ 967 101 1,068
Expenditures Repairs Capital Outlay Total expenditures	 1,000 24,000 25,000	-	1,000 24,000 25,000		117 628 745	 883 23,372 24,255
Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfer out	 (41,000)		(41,000)			
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ (59,500)	\$	(59,500)	\$	6,823	\$ 66,323

Town of Poncha Springs Water Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Available Resources-Actual and Budget (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended December 31, 2012

	Original Budget Final Bud		al Budget_	Actual		Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Revenues								
Water charges	\$	148,000	\$	148,000	\$	158,061	\$	10,061
Connection fees		18,000		18,000		32,150		14,150
Miscellaneous		8,950		8,950		1,385		(7,565)
Total revenues		174,950		174,950		191,596		16,646
Expenditures								
Water:								
Salaries and wages		54,000		54,000		53,843		157
Employee benefits		18,450		18,450		15,912		2,538
Repairs and supplies		2,000		2,000		3,972		(1,972)
Postage		1,000		1,000		1,068		(68)
Utilities		12,500		12,500		12,224		276
Water storage and leasing		18,500		18,500		39,924		(21,424)
Water treatment/testing		8,000		8,000		5,904		2,096
Professional fees		14,000		14,000		13,880		120
Capital outlay		46,900		171,900		138,512		33,388
Debt service payments		21,350		21,350		21,350		-
Miscellaneous		1,100		1,100		2,070		(970)
Total Water		197,800		322,800		308,659		14,141
Excess of revenues over	e	(22.850)	C	(147.850)	\$	(117.062)	\$	30 787
(under) expenditures	\$	(22,850)	\$	(147,850)	<u> </u>	(117,063)		30,787

Financial Planning 02/01 Form # 350-050-36

City or County: Town of Poncha Springs LOCAL HIGHWAY FINANCE REPORT YEAR ENDING: December 2012 Greg Smith Public Works Director This Information From The Records Of (example - City of or County of Prepared By: Town of Poncha Springs 7195396882 Phone: I. DISPOSITION OF HIGHWAY-USER REVENUES AVAILABLE FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURE D. Receipts from A. Local Local C. Receipts from Federal Highway **ITEM** Motor-Vehicle State Highway-Motor-Fuel Administration Taxes **User Taxes** Taxes 1. Total receipts available 2. Minus amount used for collection expenses 3. Minus amount used for nonhighway purposes 4. Minus amount used for mass transit 5. Remainder used for highway purposes II. RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES III. DISBURSEMENTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES ITEM AMOUNT ITEM AMOUNT A. Receipts from local sources: A. Local highway disbursements: 111,472 1. Local highway-user taxes 1. Capital outlay (from page 2) a. Motor Fuel (from Item I.A.5.) 2. Maintenance: b. Motor Vehicle (from Item I.B.5.) 3. Road and street services: c. Total (a.+b.) 600 a. Traffic control operations 2. General fund appropriations 184,529 b. Snow and ice removal 1,200 3. Other local imposts (from page 2) c. Other 1,356 4. Miscellaneous local receipts (from page 2) 10,210 d. Total (a. through c.) 3,156 5. Transfers from toll facilities 4. General administration & miscellaneous 126,850 6. Proceeds of sale of bonds and notes: 200 5. Highway law enforcement and safety 241,678 a. Bonds - Original Issues 6. Total (1 through 5) b. Bonds - Refunding Issues B. Debt service on local obligations: c. Notes 1. Bonds: d. Total (a. + b. + c.) a. Interest 0 7. Total (1 through 6) 194,739 b. Redemption B. Private Contributions c. Total (a. + b.) C. Receipts from State government 2. Notes: (from page 2) 46,939 a. Interest D. Receipts from Federal Government b. Redemption c. Total (a. + b.) 0 (from page 2) Total receipts (A.7 + B + C + D)241,678 3. Total (1.c + 2.c) 0 C. Payments to State for highways D. Payments to toll facilities E. Total disbursements (A.6 + B.3 + C + D)241,678 IV. LOCAL HIGHWAY DEBT STATUS (Show all entries at par) Opening Debt Amount Issued Redemptions Closing Debt A. Bonds (Total) 1. Bonds (Refunding Portion) B. Notes (Total) V. LOCAL ROAD AND STREET FUND BALANCE A. Beginning Balance B. Total Receipts C. Total Disbursements D. Ending Balance E. Reconciliation 241,678 241,678 0 Notes and Comments:

The public report burden for this information collection is estimated to average 380 hours annually.

	STATE:
	Colorado
LOCAL HIGHWAY FINANCE REPORT	YEAR ENDING (mm/yy):
	December 2012

II. RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL

ITEM	AMOUNT	ITEM	AMOUNT
A.3. Other local imposts:	by the month of the best state of the state of the	A.4. Miscellaneous local receipts:	Access of the second second
a. Property Taxes and Assessments		a. Interest on investments	116
b. Other local imposts:	Walter Street	 b. Traffic Fines & Penalities 	
Sales Taxes		c. Parking Garage Fees	
Infrastructure & Impact Fees		d. Parking Meter Fees	
3. Liens		e. Sale of Surplus Property	596
4. Licenses		f. Charges for Services	
Specific Ownership &/or Other		g. Other Misc. Receipts	8,346
6. Total (1. through 5.)	0	h. Other	1,152
c. Total (a. + b.)	0	i. Total (a. through h.)	10,210
44.000 (4.0000) (4.0000) (4.0000)	(Carry forward to page 1)	AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER	(Carry forward to page 1)

AMOUNT	ITEM	AMOUNT
Market Stranger Stranger	D. Receipts from Federal Government	
42,899	1. FHWA (from Item I.D.5.)	
West winds to be	2. Other Federal agencies:	William I day
	a. Forest Service	
	b. FEMA	
	c. HUD	
4,040	d. Federal Transit Admin	
	e. U.S. Corps of Engineers	
	f. Other Federal	
4,040	g. Total (a. through f.)	0
46,939	3. Total (1. + 2.g)	12.13 (1.15 · 1.15) (1.15 · 1.15)
	4,040	D. Receipts from Federal Government 42,899 1. FHWA (from Item I.D.5.) 2. Other Federal agencies: a. Forest Service b. FEMA c. HUD 4,040 d. Federal Transit Admin e. U.S. Corps of Engineers f. Other Federal 4,040 g. Total (a. through f.)

III. DISBURSEMENTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL

	ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	TOTAL
	(a)	(b)	(c)
A.1. Capital outlay:	Varieti III.		All the contract of the second
a. Right-Of-Way Costs			0
b. Engineering Costs			0
c. Construction:	Special production of the contract of		的第三人称形式 经有限
(1). New Facilities			0
(2). Capacity Improvements			0
(3). System Preservation			111,472
(4). System Enhancement & Operation			0
(5). Total Construction (1) + (2) + (3) + (4)	0	0	0
d. Total Capital Outlay (Lines 1.a. + 1.b. + 1.c.5)	0	0	111,472
	All deliments		(Carry forward to page 1)

Notes and Comments: